

GARD. ALBERT A. GARY, SURGEON DENTIST. BEING on a Professional visit to this place...

DR. J. LITTLE, DENTAL SURGEON. CALLED on by several persons...

DR. W. R. RAUM. HAS returned to Charlestown, and offers his professional services...

DR. E. McSHERRY, Jr. HAS located himself at Kernysville, and respectfully offers his services...

DR. G. J. STUART. RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Charlestown...

B. F. Washington, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

A GARD. A & G HOLLAND, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

SHANNONDALE SPRINGS, JEFFERSON COUNTY, Virginia.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between McMICHAEL & WOODDY, is dissolved...

ABELL'S HOTEL. MY engagement with the Shannondale Company during the Springs season...

NOTICE. THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between McMICHAEL & WOODDY, is dissolved...

MANUFACTORY. THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally...

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THE DEATH OF A CHILD. WE were not for a bed, When, from its weary prison-house...

Why then should we lament For one, who like a singing bird hath flown...

Behold your faded star, Set as a jewel in the crown of Eve...

Look not into the tomb, But with the eye of faith look upwards still...

PERSONAL ADORNMENT OF LADIES. Art is an extremely beautiful thing, but nature is a much more beautiful...

It happened, one morning, that we were waited on by a young gentleman and his newly married wife.

Of a different character was another acknowledgment. The husband was a hard-featured man...

MODESTY.—What are talents and acquisitions to female, if she lacks that precious gem...

TEMPTATION.—How diligent should the young guard against the temptations of those who would lead them astray...

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OUR attention contemporary of the Philadelphia U. S. States Gazette, who writes with much ability...

It pleased Governor Seward of New York to transmit to us, as a token of his will and pleasure...

Small as the business of a Commissioner, it is not without its advantages for observation...

Hence, by restraining our desire for more, and applying what we might thus spend in bettering our condition...

MODEL FARM.—The British Farmer's Magazine for January, 1843, contains the following account of a model farm...

Perhaps the most successful example of the capabilities of land, under proper management, in Ireland...

"You see, sir, therefore at a glance, the causes of the present state of things, and what cannot, sir, see at a glance how it is to end..."

"The lady," said we, "has not yet responded to the formal question which I put to her..."

"Answer the question," said he to his wife, "never the question; it is only one look, my dear..."

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SMALL FARM. We can hardly urge so much or so often the advantages of small farms...

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SAFE GRASSING.—It is a bad practice to suffer the cattle to run out after they have come to the barn...

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dom and success of which there is no other. We threw it away, and we see what we have got in its place...

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General Intelligence. THE BLIND. To the Editors of the National Intelligencer. GENTLEMEN:—The following letter was written by a female pupil of the Ohio Institution...

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THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER. The Richmond Enquirer has been anxiously employed in life in earnest...

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VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Thursday Morning, June 29.

THE WHIG BANNER.

HENRY CLAY AND AMERICAN INDUSTRY.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

It will be seen, by reference to another column, that the several Committees have made ample and very satisfactory arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth.

The attention of the Ladies seems to be particularly desirable, and we hope they will not hesitate to grace the occasion with their presence, and render the day one of more than ordinary interest.

The American of Tuesday says:—By the report of the market it will be seen that Broad Street has again advanced. Sales of Pennsylvania red wheat were made yesterday at 119 to 120 cents per bushel.

Contracts for new wheat, deliverable in all August, have been made at Fredericksburg, Va., at one dollar per bushel.

The growth of Timothy this year has been very luxuriant. We have now before us some stalks from the farm of Capt. Tompkins, the leaves of which measure 12 inches. The Clover is also well grown the present season.

The Calumnettes having triumphed in their demand at the time of holding the National Convention, are now pushing the fortunes of their favorite with indomitable energy.—They are starting new presses in every direction, (the more sensible way, as the Whig has already suggested, would have been to buy up all the old ones) and they seem determined to nullify the pretensions of all rivals. It is stated that in New York the contest is already doubtful, as to the relative strength of Mr. Van Buren and Mr. Calhoun.

The Magician—the untamed trader of the "Deceit" for the Nautilus. During the year we may look out for some bold demonstrations and amusing manoeuvres. He of the "fox and wassail tribe" will scarcely be outdone by an aspirant who, according to Col. Benton, has "never invented even a humbug."

(Winchester Republican.)

Col. R. M. Johnson is continuing his pilgrimage in the West, and is recounting his military exploits with great precision. He has become very liberal in his praises of Gen. Harrison, though somewhat oblivious in 1840. He has not yet directly asserted that he killed Tecumseh with his own hand, but he makes it out very plainly that he picked a dashing looking Indian, with dancing plume, &c., and his admirers readily fill up the outline.—

THE GUILLOTINE IN MOTION.

Where are the lovers of the Enquirer now? A letter from Boston, published in one of the New York papers, says:—"Nathaniel Greene (former Postmaster) yesterday received his commission as Postmaster of this city, vice George W. Gordon, resigned, and who goes Consul to Havre."

"Robert Rantoul also received the documents for Collector of this port"—superceding Ex-Governor Levi Lincoln.

The Boston papers state that Mr. Stephen Daniels, a good Whig, and an excellent officer, has been removed from the office of Surveyor of the Customs in Salem, and that Edw. W. Palfrey, a Locofoco, and the editor of the Salem Advertiser, has been appointed in his stead.

It is also stated that Capt. George W. Seaver has been removed from the office of Collector, and Lawson Nash from the office of Surveyor, of the port of Gloucester, and that two Locofocos have been appointed in their places. Both the officers who are thus removed have performed their duties with the most perfect acceptance to all the merchants doing business at the Gloucester Custom-house.

The Time is Coming.—We have never known at any period, a more general feeling among the people, of disgust at the more party politicians of the day, than exists at present, and this disgust will soon excite the same general desire to elevate to the first office in the gift of the people, and to place at the head of affairs, an elevated practical STATESMAN who will look down with scorn upon the miserable jugglers and wire workers who have for some time past been shifting the scene upon the public stage for their own benefit, exclusively. It is time that PATRIOTISM should triumph over party. It is time that HENRY CLAY should be hailed by his countrymen as their deliverer from political trickery and political degradation.

(Alexandria Gazette.)

On Drs.—Extract of a letter from Boston in the New York Herald:

"The death of Mr. Legare will cause another change in the Cabinet of President Tyler, creating two vacancies. It is still undecided who will be Secretary of State. Mr. Webster is proposed by one side of the house for a re-appointment.—Mr. Upshur is spoken of by many; while J. C. Spencer claims the appointment for himself, or some ancient democrat, who understands a court intrigue, and who can make the most of the short time to run, for the rooks in the rookery. There is no confidence among the members of the present Cabinet; and each one is mistrustful of the other. Mr. Upshur, more upright than the rest, keeps aloof from their petty schemes. Spencer is powerful at this moment, but he will be out of the Cabinet in less than six months."

"Mr. Porter, who has disappointed the President in his qualifications for his office, and who, it is believed, will, in any event, be rejected unanimously by the Senate, will likely be removed from his present office before long. His incompetency and vulgarity as a high officer, are too well known; and his late appointment to his new position—a mere forward boy—to be acting Secretary of War, has given universal displeasure. He has billeted already a swarm of his relations upon the executive. More of this matter hereafter."

The President of the United States returned yesterday unexpectedly to this city from his Northern tour. He left Boston on Wednesday evening; and the officiating death of Mr. Legare having induced him to relinquish his proposed extensive tour through the interior to Albany, &c. &c.

With the President returned the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Navy.

The Secretary of War and the Postmaster General are on the way hither, and may be expected very soon.

(National Intelligencer, June 24.)

MASONIC CELEBRATION, at Berryville.

The Members of George Washington Lodge, joined by their brethren of Winchester, Martinsburg, Shepherdstown, Charles Town, Harper's Ferry, Snicker'sville, and other places, celebrated St. John's Day, on Saturday last, by a procession and other ceremonies, at Berryville.—The procession consisted of not less than one hundred members, under charge of Col. Joseph Tuley as Chief Marshal, and Col. Morgan Taylor as Assistant. The procession was escorted by Capt. Nelson's Troop, (on foot), and by Capt. Sowers' Rifleman, (in the absence of the Captain) under command of Col. Morgan, and after passing through the main street of the village, proceeded to the Baptist Church. Here the Harper-Ferry Band played a tune appropriate to the occasion, and a prayer was offered up by the Rev. Mr. Shultz.

CHARLES JAMES FAYLOR, Esq., then delivered an Oration, illustrative of the origin and objects of the Order, which was listened to with great pleasure. It was in truth an eloquent production, which could not fail to make an impression on the auditory, who expressed their feelings in decided rounds of applause. In defence of the Order, Mr. Faulkner had an opportunity of citing authority which is always conclusive with Americans. He referred to the fact that Gen. Washington had been a member of the Order; had held lodges, of which he was master, in a cave in the neighboring county of Jefferson, 70 years ago; and had continued a member until his death. He held up to his brethren an appropriate example, and which had been preserved as a precious relic by the Grand Lodge of Maryland. This incident had a brilliant effect, and Mr. F. made a very happy use of it. His allusion to the brethren, as to the example they should give, was one of the good results of Masonry, well conceived and beautifully expressed; and Mr. F. greatly enhanced his reputation as a speaker and scholar by this effort.

Mr. Reynolds, the host who entertained the large assemblage on the occasion, acquitted himself well. His table was abundant, and his efforts to please were unabated and successful.

The Music of the Harper-Ferry Band gave life and animation to the scene, and their contributions were appreciated by all present.

The day will be long remembered by the fraternal, as one of more than ordinary interest; and it afforded much pleasure to the numerous spectators, of whom a large number were from Washington. Even in the latter part of the evening of that day, after having attended the Mayor's dinner, where he almost wholly abstained from food, he complained of little inconvenience, and thought a night's rest would restore him. But about one o'clock on Saturday morning he was seized with symptoms of obstruction of the bowels, to some degree of which he had formerly been subject, and which, in three last attacks had been of increasing severity. Dr. Thomas, an eminent physician from Washington, who was with the President's party, and to most of whom he is, when at home, a regular family physician, was immediately called, and instantly present, being lodged in the Tremont House, where Mr. LEGARE then was. During Saturday no anxiety whatever was felt about the case. On Sunday morning, however, still no apprehensions were entertained. Dr. Thomas desired that Dr. Bigelow might be called in. Dr. Bigelow agreed with Dr. Thomas in the views of the case. He saw Mr. LEGARE several times during the day, and on the latter part of the evening, accompanied him in a carriage to the house of Mr. LEGARE's friend, Mr. Ticknor, in Park street, as to a situation more quiet, comfortable, and less exposed to the bustle of the city. Dr. Thomas and Dr. Bigelow were both with their patient till late in that evening, (Sunday), and again early the next morning, agreeing entirely in the course to be pursued. Mr. LEGARE passed a more comfortable night than he had for some time. Dr. Thomas desired that Dr. Bigelow might be called in. Dr. Bigelow agreed with Dr. Thomas in the views of the case. He saw Mr. LEGARE several times during the day, and on the latter part of the evening, accompanied him in a carriage to the house of Mr. LEGARE's friend, Mr. Ticknor, in Park street, as to a situation more quiet, comfortable, and less exposed to the bustle of the city. Dr. Thomas and Dr. Bigelow were both with their patient till late in that evening, (Sunday), and again early the next morning, agreeing entirely in the course to be pursued. Mr. LEGARE passed a more comfortable night than he had for some time.

There is a comfortable stage at the Rail Road Depot, daily, to convey passengers to the Springs, and it takes less than an hour to make the trip. The road is now in good condition.

The Fredericksburg Arena has been revived, and is again doing battle cheerily and efficiently in the pugnae. The Whigs of Spotsylvania and the surrounding country have too much spirit to let their champion languish for want of support. Whigs in other quarters would do well to look into the condition of the ammunition chests of their gunners. The heavy duties of the campaign are accumulating, and it should be remembered that neither arms nor arms can flourish without the "needful."

We are sorry that the length of Mr. Webster's Bunker Hill Speech excludes it from our columns. There are many fine things in it, but it is not up to the former efforts of the Great Orator.

GEORGE W. SEEVERS, Esq., has been elected Mayor of Winchester, by a decided majority. The vote stood—For G. W. Seavers 152, John Bruce 62.

JUST THINK OF IT!

In one of our late trips down the Rail Road, we accompanied a train of barthen Cars containing fourteen hundred barrels of flour! Fifteen hundred barrels constitute a regular load for the "Old Virginia," and this is transferred to Harper's Ferry in from three to four hours! Now, take one hundred four horse wagons, carrying fifteen barrels each, and it would require ten times the time to make their trip down and unload!—Then the difference in the cost of transportation—the calculation is easily made by those who know the rate.—(Winchester Republican.)

ARREST OF A COUNTERFEITER.—A man calling himself Wm. Brake, of Harrison county, was arrested yesterday by Police Officer Anderson, for passing counterfeit coin. He was taken before Jno. W. Miller, Esq., who committed him. Several spurious dollars were found upon his person. He proposed furnishing Mr. Anderson and Mr. Vance Bush with any amount from 5 cents up to \$20.00. His liberal offers excited suspicion, and led to his arrest. It is supposed that he has many confederates at home.—

GEORGE.—We learn from Milledgeville, that the Hon. George W. Crawford, of Richmond, was nominated by acclamation as the Whig candidate for Governor.

A. H. STEVENS, Esq., of Tallahassee, received the nomination for Congress.

We understand that, on the 29th day, two hundred and seventy-six Delegates were present. The Convention was characterized by the most perfect unanimity and good feeling.

LOUR, &c.—The Buffalo N. Y. Advertiser of the 29th states that there was a very heavy business doing both upon the lake and canal, and large invoices of merchandise continue to be shipped westward. There is no diminution in the amount taken at the Canal office, notwithstanding the advanced state of the season. The marine list shows the arrival of some 25 vessels; and others are in port from the West, filled to their utmost capacity with grain, flour and produce of various kinds. The receipt of flour since noon yesterday is 15,000 barrels, with 30,000 bushels of wheat.

Under the receipts of such a heavy stock, ordinarily, the market would give way; but in the present instance, we cannot perceive any material decline in prices. A cargo of fair Indiana wheat brought \$1 this morning, and goes to Rochester for milling. Some samples of Chicago wheat, rather choice, are held at the same prices, but not taken. They will probably bring 97 cents.

Much of the flour coming in is merely in transit, and will go forward as soon as boats can be obtained to take it.

Honor to the Profession.—Three or four of the Michigan papers have nominated Horace Greeley, editor of the N. Y. Tribune, as a candidate for Vice President of the United States. Without compromising our neutrality, we may say that, if Mr. Greeley would make as good a Vice President, as he does editor, the country would have no cause to complain of his ability. He makes a first rate paper out of the Tribune.—(Baltimore Sun.)

From the Boston Journal, Jan 29.

DEATH OF HUGH L. LEGARE. In the midst of festive, while the bells were ringing, the guns were firing, the flags were waving, and the people were expressing their joy and gratitude in the celebration of an act to commemorate one of the noblest deeds recorded in the history of our country, while the President of the United States and distinguished men from all parts of the country were our guests—and every countenance beamed radiant with smiles, depicting feelings of cordial and indomitable joy, and in the midst of a magnificent and impressive illustration of the sublime truth that "the blood of the just is seed, and it shall bring forth life."—(HON. S. LEGARE, of South Carolina, the eminent orator, the poet, the orator, the accomplished statesman, is no more!)

Mr. Legare died this morning, at half past five o'clock, at the mansion of George Ticknor, in Park street. He had complained of indisposition soon after his arrival in the city, and was in consequence unable to participate in the celebration of the Seventeenth of June. The immediate cause of his death is said to have been inflammation of the bowels. He was attended by the skillful hands of the distinguished Dr. Bigelow, and it is unnecessary to add anything which care, attention, kindness and medical skill could accomplish, was done to alleviate his sufferings and preserve his life.

Mr. Legare held the high office of Attorney General of the United States, and has also held the duties of Secretary of State. He has been taken away in the very prime of life, in the midst of a career already signally brilliant, and promising to be in the highest degree honorable to himself, and serviceable to his country and mankind. His death will be universally regarded as a national calamity, and must be ever regretted; for he enjoyed in a remarkable degree the respect and confidence of his fellow citizens, without regard to section or party, in every portion of the Union.

THE LAST HOURS OF MR. LEGARE.

The Boston Daily Advertiser of Wednesday gives the following interesting particulars of the illness and closing scenes of the life of the late Attorney General:

Mr. LEGARE, Attorney General of the United States and Secretary of State at intervals, who died yesterday morning at half past 5 o'clock, arrived in Boston early on Friday last, somewhat indisposed, but very slightly so, in consequence of the fatigues of a hurried journey from Washington. Even in the latter part of the evening of that day, after having attended the Mayor's dinner, where he almost wholly abstained from food, he complained of little inconvenience, and thought a night's rest would restore him. But about one o'clock on Saturday morning he was seized with symptoms of obstruction of the bowels, to some degree of which he had formerly been subject, and which, in three last attacks had been of increasing severity. Dr. Thomas, an eminent physician from Washington, who was with the President's party, and to most of whom he is, when at home, a regular family physician, was immediately called, and instantly present, being lodged in the Tremont House, where Mr. LEGARE then was. During Saturday no anxiety whatever was felt about the case. On Sunday morning, however, still no apprehensions were entertained. Dr. Thomas desired that Dr. Bigelow might be called in. Dr. Bigelow agreed with Dr. Thomas in the views of the case. He saw Mr. LEGARE several times during the day, and on the latter part of the evening, accompanied him in a carriage to the house of Mr. LEGARE's friend, Mr. Ticknor, in Park street, as to a situation more quiet, comfortable, and less exposed to the bustle of the city. Dr. Thomas and Dr. Bigelow were both with their patient till late in that evening, (Sunday), and again early the next morning, agreeing entirely in the course to be pursued. Mr. LEGARE passed a more comfortable night than he had for some time. Dr. Thomas desired that Dr. Bigelow might be called in. Dr. Bigelow agreed with Dr. Thomas in the views of the case. He saw Mr. LEGARE several times during the day, and on the latter part of the evening, accompanied him in a carriage to the house of Mr. LEGARE's friend, Mr. Ticknor, in Park street, as to a situation more quiet, comfortable, and less exposed to the bustle of the city. Dr. Thomas and Dr. Bigelow were both with their patient till late in that evening, (Sunday), and again early the next morning, agreeing entirely in the course to be pursued. Mr. LEGARE passed a more comfortable night than he had for some time.

Who is there that looking back on the history of our country can separate Massachusetts from Virginia?—Who is there that can separate the whole noble Virginia from the sons of this noble Commonwealth?—The idea is to restrict the unembodied spirits of Virginia were here. Aye, she would say to this noble State, "Hail to thee, hail to thee, my sister!" (Here there were six tremendous cheers.) I feel I am trespassing upon the privileges you have given me (Cities of "No, no, go on, go on.") Let me, then, express a sentiment which I had occasion to name to one of my brother Virginians a short time since. I have observed all that passed under my eye to-day. And I have seen, aye, much that proves the wealth and taste of this people's mouth and their love of advancement in the arts and sciences, and in the civilization of the age. But there was a moral beauty in the scene which surpassed all this. For, wherever I went, although there were crowds in all your streets, yet all was order and harmony; there was every where an open path for the carriages, every countenance seemed glad some—no strife—no disorder—no confusion—the whole of this immense crowd was managed by a wave of the hand, and a little two foot staff—(Cheers and laughter.) All their eyes were turned to the stars and right feeling you owe to your admirable New England system of public school instruction. (Cheers.) To this you may owe much; but above all other things, you owe this love to all that elevates and purifies us, to the hallowed teachings of the mother's knee—[here Mr. Upshur was deeply affected, and the cheering was immense]—where those sacred lessons were first taught, the fruits of which we have seen so beautifully exemplified to-day—(Cheers)—and which have placed Massachusetts where she is, sitting so high on the scale of the arts and civilization of government. (Loud cheering.)—And if Virginia were here to-day, the two would have something to say in this matter. She would say, come here, ye governments of the old world, that have grown grey in false systems, come here to Massachusetts, and learn to be great and happy and wise. [Tremendous cheering.] And now, as a just tribute to you, and grateful for the kind manner in which you have noticed my beloved State, let me give you

"MARRIAGES"—Foremost in the conflicts by which our liberties were won, and foremost to show us what our liberties are worth.

Tremendous cheering followed, and Mr. Upshur sat down completely overpowered by his feelings.

One of the reasons is that Capt. STROGGER, of the Navy, will probably be offered the Secretaryship of the Navy.

THE VICE PRESIDENCY.

The Washington (D.C.) Journal of the 21st has the following article from the Hon. Jno. M. CALVERT:

New-Castle, Del., June 17th, 1843.—Gentlemen:—Understanding that a Convention of the Whigs of Delaware is about to be called together, for the purpose of nominating delegates to attend the Whig National Convention, in May next, at Baltimore, in May next, at Baltimore, I am desirous to be selected from this State favorable to my nomination as Vice President; it becomes my duty to speak openly and candidly on this subject to my political friends, and to say to them, as I now wish to do, that I have not been, and am not, desirous of such nomination, and I shall not be a candidate for any office at the Presidential election. I have adopted this course, not without a due regard to the welfare of that great and patriotic party to whose principles I am devotedly attached, and upon whose success the future destinies of our country, as I think, eminently depend. Our prospects, I think, brighten daily; and now, instead of distracting the Convention by a multiplicity of candidates for the Vice seat in that body, I have ventured to put in favor of some one candidate for the second office in the gift of the people;—as we unquestionably shall for the first, in the person of Henry Clay of Kentucky.

Very respectfully,  
JOHN M. CALVERT.

The Editors of the Delaware State Journal.

From the Frederick Olive Branch. Laying of the Corner Stone of the Methodist Protestant Church at Jefferson.

On Saturday the 17th, our friends at Jefferson had quite a busy day. Unusually the rain descended in torrents in the morning, but yet it did not dampen the spirit of the people. At an early hour the streets were crowded, and every avenue continued to pour in a stream of visitors; the actors and the spectators in the scenes which were to ensue. The Harper-Ferry band, arriving sending forth upon the air the soul-stirring notes of warlike music, and every one felt his heart well within him as he looked around upon the high spirited men assembled there. The Masonic Lodge from Harper-Ferry met at the Academy; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows from Frederick, and from Middletown, collected at the old church. The different bodies then proceeded to the place of rendezvous, and formed in order in Main street. The procession then marched to the German Reformed church, where a discourse was delivered by Rev. Mr. VARDEN, in a beautiful, chaste and classic style. When his sermon had concluded, the Rev. Mr. VARDEN made some very appropriate remarks: after which a collection was made, the blessing was pronounced, and the procession recommenced its march to the spot where the ceremony was to be performed. On reaching their destination, the body halted and were addressed by COL. ANTHONY KIMMEL, R. W. D. Grand Master of Masons in Maryland. This gentleman stated to the assemblage that he wore the Masonic Apron of Gen. WASHINGTON. That Apron, he said, had been presented to the Father of his Country by the Grand Lodge of France, by the honor of Gen. I. FAYETTE. He had the honor of wearing, as R. W. D. Grand Master of the Lodge in Maryland, at the request of the Mount Nebo Lodge of Virginia, this interesting relic of the Great American. The Father of his Country had worn that badge, and it should be sacred in the eyes of posterity. We shall not attempt to give even the substance of his speech, indeed we should fail were we to attempt it. His whole soul seemed to pour forth in his words, as he dwelt upon the beautiful theme. It was the emblem of the heart, which, with a magnetic power, electrified the soul, aroused as the names of Washington and Lafayette fell from the lips of the Orator. After Col. Kimmel had concluded his address, he proceeded to lay the corner stone with the usual ceremonies.

With not a little pleasure we observed the ladies marching in the procession, and we felt assured that the visitors were as slow in their march as the fair ones of the sweet little village of Jefferson. Every thing passed off well, and we have been seldom better pleased with any similar ceremony, than we were with that of Saturday. The politeness and attention of the good people of Jefferson, we shall not soon forget, and return them our thanks in our own name and in the name of every visitor who was there, for their unfeigned kindness and hospitality.

The Richmond Enquirer states that the steamboat Columbus recently made an exploratory trip up the Appomattox river to a place called Walhalla's Landing, about six miles up, on the Chesapeake side. The water was found to be 20 to 25 feet deep. The rocks and shoals were expected to be met with, but the discovery is about to be turned to good account. The Enquirer says—

At the point designated, a fine wharf will be erected, which will accommodate vessels of all sizes and descriptions. The scheme is as follows:—to construct a short railroad (of only two miles and three quarters) from the landing to a point on the Petersburg Railroad, only nine miles from Richmond. It is almost incredible to think what a saving of distance will ensue. From Richmond to City Point by the circuitous route is 45 miles. By this new route from Richmond to Walhalla's Landing (six miles above City Point) it will be only eleven miles and three quarters. In one hour, we will be enabled to accomplish what it now takes near four hours to do. We will, that every barrel of flour now pays 15 cents for transportation from this City to City Point—by the new road, it can be carried to Walhalla's Landing for nine cents. The cost of passage to City Point is now three dollars—by the new railroad to the new landing, it will be 75 cents. The calculation is, that the Norfolk steamboat, instead of, as now, making a trip every other day, will make a daily trip; that is, the boat will not come up to Richmond, but will stop at the new landing, deliver her passengers and her freight for Norfolk, and return to the same day; and so on for every day.

The fare to and from Norfolk will be reduced from \$5 to \$3.75.

Bron LAMBE, chief of the Medical Staff of the French Army, has stated it as a fact that the 6,000 survivors, who safely returned from Egypt, were all men who abstained from the use of ardent spirits.

TEXAS.—Advices have been received at New Orleans from Galveston to the 10th instant.

Despatches were sent by mail from Houston on the 31st, and by the Texas Government for the Navy at Camp-Pacheco. The nature of the despatches had not been ascertained; but it was inferred from an editorial article in the Brazos Farmer, (the official paper) that the President had recalled the commission of Col. Morgan and recalled him. It is noted that he exceeded or violated his powers and in consequence was removed. The navy is also supposed to be recalled.

Capt. Charles Elliott, H. B. M. S. Minister to Texas, and family, had arrived at Galveston.

General Murphy, who recently appointed Charge d'Affaires from the U. States to Texas, arrived at Galveston on the 7th instant, and proceeded immediately for Washington. The Hon. J. M. Eves, the late incumbent, was hopelessly ill of consumption, and was expected to survive more than a day or two at farthest.

Harris for Texas.—A private letter received in this City yesterday from an esteemed friend in Galveston, states that the ladies of that city have held a Public Meeting, and have passed resolutions highly complimentary to Col. Moore, for the gallantry and devotedness he displayed in the capture of the Texas steamer, "The Commodore," on the 10th of May, and that the Commodore is to be sent to the Cape Verde Islands.

YUCATAN.—The New Orleans Bulletin of the 13th instant says:—"We understand that since the conclusion of the contest between the Yucatecos and Mexican forces, all the sail vessels, including an American merchant vessel recently purchased, have left, and only the Guadalupe and Montezuma steamers are off Lerna. It is reported, also, that Commodore Moore, being not contented himself bound by the treaty, and holds his vessels ready, according to his original determination, to give the Mexicans battle the first opportunity."

Commander Mackenzie.—Some weeks since, it will be recalled, that the New York Journal of Commerce published a statement to the effect that Commander Mackenzie had been acquitted of the charges on which he was tried before the Naval Court Martial by a minority of the Court—that is, the seven of the twelve members of the Court thought the charges proved. Commander Mackenzie, deeming himself aggrieved by this publication, brought a suit for libel against the editors, with a view to elicit the truth of the matter—and we are truly gratified to say that the truth has been at length elicited—to the honor of that excellent and fearless officer. The New York Journal of Commerce of Wednesday contains the proceedings of the Supreme Court in the case, including the testimony given by Captain ISAAC MACKENZIE, one of the members of the Naval Court Martial, before which Commander Mackenzie was tried. The result of the matter is, that on the charge of murder, nine out of the twelve members of the Court voted that it was not proven, and the remaining three voted that it was proven, with an important qualification.

In the case of Mr. MORDECAI COOKE, tried before the Superior Court at Norfolk on a charge of killing Mr. MELTZER GARDNER, (whose death resulted from an affray between the parties on the 30th March last,) the Jury have rendered a verdict of not guilty. The trial lasted five or six days.

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT.

From the London Spectator, May 27.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.—The most remarkable event of the day is the new session from the Scottish Church—a session so large as to leave only something like a skeleton church behind it. At the meeting of the General Assembly, on the 18th, the moderate, or clerical president, (who sits concurrently with the high commissioner, or civil president,) read a manifesto, and himself led the band of disaffected ministers, and lay elders, in their march from the hall. They went and set up an assembly of their own. The effect of this separating the discordant parts of the General Assembly might have been anticipated; for years it had been overridden by a majority still holding to their state privileges, but in open war with the state, and the state Church, in a instant restored the language of the Assembly more than its former loyalty, and began to pull down all that the body had been doing in its contumacy. Freed from the ungenerous antagonisms of the state connexion, the seceders speedily began measures for organizing a church of their own throughout the land.

The ferment in Edinburgh, in the crisis of this ecclesiastical revolution, has been extreme; especially on the Sunday when the leaders of either party first addressed their congregations distinctly and apart, and when the first of the new session meeting houses was opened. In point of numbers, the seceders appear to have done better than in Edinburgh; though there is a temporary excitement merely in the crowds that follow them. But there is also the solid ground of money—almost a quarter of a million already subscribed—that their graver adherents are in earnest; and in remote districts we hear of such things as ministers abandoning their comfortable homes to wander about the coasts in sailing vessels—seeking on the sea a fame denied on the land.

For the seceders to complain that the great landed proprietors are against them, and in their earlier meetings a single Marchioness represents the Peerage of the new session. Time has been when bloodshed and the firebrand would have marked the progress of such a revolt; now, "excitement" and "long newspaper reports" are its worst signals.

A CURE FOR HYDROPHOBIA.—We learn from the Schenarie, N. Y. Patriot, that a mad dog recently bit several individuals in that vicinity, and some of them, soon after, evinced symptoms of the disease. Filled Oppel was speedily administered—about one third of a dose, given at intervals of eight hours. This has been repeated from time to time. The effect is that the patients are evidently recovering. The dog bit several brutes and a cow, a hog and three dogs have died of the disease. The remedy—Opel's—has proved a certain antidote in other cases of this terrible disease.

CHEAT AND WHEAT.

A letter in the Patriot to-day, dated "White Hall, (Ohio) June 12, 1843," contains this sentence—"A field of my own, which a week ago looked as well as wheat in this season of the year could look, now proves to be at least half cheat." The writer is lamenting the unfavorableness of the season for crops, but I beg him to bear in mind that his wheat field "proves to be at least half cheat," if it because he has sown the seed of cheat. He must remember, that "whatever he sows, that shall he reap," whether wheat, or cheat, or darnel, or tares. The inference that appears to be intended to be drawn from the sentence above quoted and the context is, that the unfavorableness of the season has caused one half the wheat to turn to cheat. So long as the farmers continue to entertain such ideas, so long will be bound by the truth, and holds his vessels ready, according to his original determination, to give the Mexicans battle the first opportunity."

James River Tobacco Trade.—We learn from a letter in the Richmond Whig that twenty ships were lying in James River on the 14th inst., taking in tobacco for Rotterdam, Bremen, Antwerp, Liverpool, Cowes and London. These vessels will carry out upwards of eleven thousand hogsheads of tobacco.

Flour in New York.—The number of bbls. of flour received at Albany up to the 14th inst. were 300,066, and the number of bushels of wheat 66,885, being about 30,000 bbls. of flour and 66,000 bushels of wheat less than were received up to the same time last year.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal, this speaks in reference to the warlike measures of the Tory Ministry of England. The inference is, that their efforts: Irishmen seek not now to obtain their rights by force. They are such as no tyrants can deprive us of.—Their object is plainly, first to disarm and then to goad to insurrection. They will fail. We will obey the law—we will adhere to the constitution—we will commit no outrage—may, if they dare us to the field, we will decline while the constitution remains intact—yet, despite the power of England and her Irish garrison, we will have Ireland for the Irish and the Irish for Ireland.

"England may deprive the nationalists of their arms, at least such as she can discover, yet will the Irish have Ireland."

"England may fill our towns and villages with soldiery; with them the Irish people will have no contest, no strife, save in acts of good will and hospitality.—She may blockade our ports with her fleets, and crowd our rivers with armed steamers, yet there will be peace—universal peace must reign throughout the land. There will be no civil war—Peel will see that point. There shall be no strife, no bloodshed, no commotion—yet Ireland shall be for the Irish and the Irish shall have Ireland."

We are authorized to state that the water will be turned out of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, on the 10th of July, and remain out until the 5th of August, for the purpose of removing sand bars and making other necessary repairs.

Georgetown Advocate.

Philip Mayo Esq. has been appointed Clerk of the U. S. District Court, in Richmond, in the place of Henry Gibson, deceased.

Altered Notes.—We were shown yesterday morning, ten dollar note of the issue of the exploded "Commercial Bank of Millington" altered so as to read "Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore." There is not the slightest similarity between the altered & genuine notes, and the former may be readily detected by an examination of the names of the signers. The spurious notes are signed W. Adams, Cashier, H. H. Ellis, President; whereas the genuine notes are signed James W. Allnut, Cashier, John B. Morris, President.

Baltimore American.

RULE OR RUIN.—When Mr. Calhoun deserted his "late allies," in 1837, and took his seat on the Treasury bench, Senator King, of Georgia, declared that, if he ever thoroughly identified himself with the Locofoco party, he would "rule or ruin it." The prophecy is in a fair way of verification.

The four hundred bales of American domestic goods, lately imported into London, from Boston, and seized by the Custom-House officers in that city, for a supposed violation of the revenue law, have been restored to the owners, Messrs. Birnie, Brothers & Co., satisfactory proof having been adduced that there are no wills called "Sark Mills" at Manchester, England, but that they are well known in the United States.

The Alexandria Gazette says that the United States steamer Missouri, Captain NEWTON, is shortly to sail for the Mediterranean, and it may be that Mr. Calhoun, in route for China, will go out in her.



